

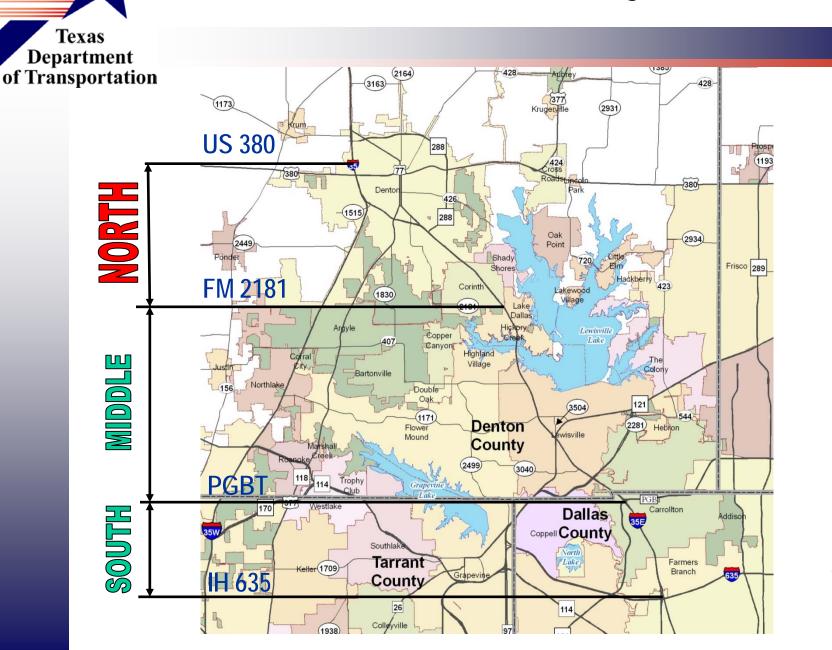
Public Hearing IH 35E

From: FM 2181

To: US 380

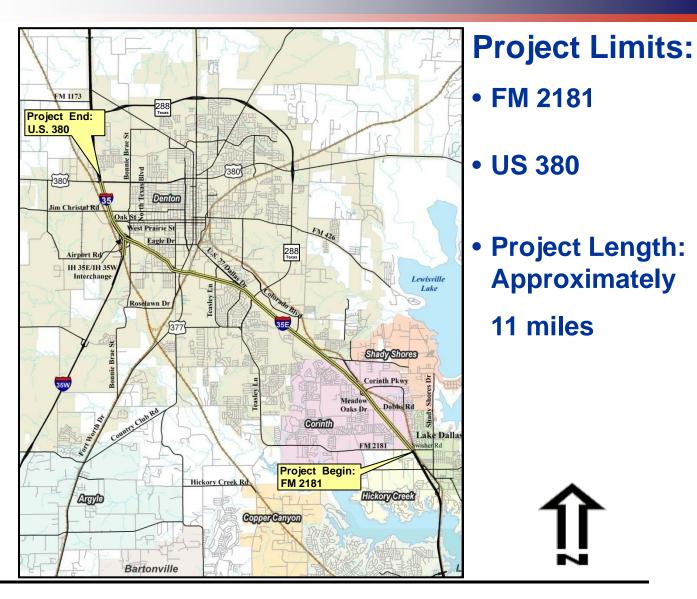
October 20, 2011 Denton, TX

IH 35E Corridor Project Location





IH 35E North Study Area Limits





Public Hearing Agenda

- IntroductionMr. Moosa Saghian, P.E.
- Project Design Presentation
 Mr. Matt Craig, P.E.
- Environmental Presentation Ms. Ashley Oliver
- Right-of-Way Acquisition and Relocation
 Mr. Cecil Saldana
- 20 Minute Recess
 Questions
- Public Comments
 Mr. Moosa Saghian, P.E.



Public Hearing Purpose

- 1. Inform the public of project status and present recommendations
- 2. Describe the project so the public can determine how they may be affected
- 3. Provide the public another opportunity to provide input
- 4. To develop a record of public participation



Public Inquiries

Schematics and Environmental Assessment may be viewed at:

TxDOT Dallas District Office 4777 East Highway 80 Mesquite, TX 75150

TxDOT Denton County Area Office 2624 West Prairie Denton, TX 76201

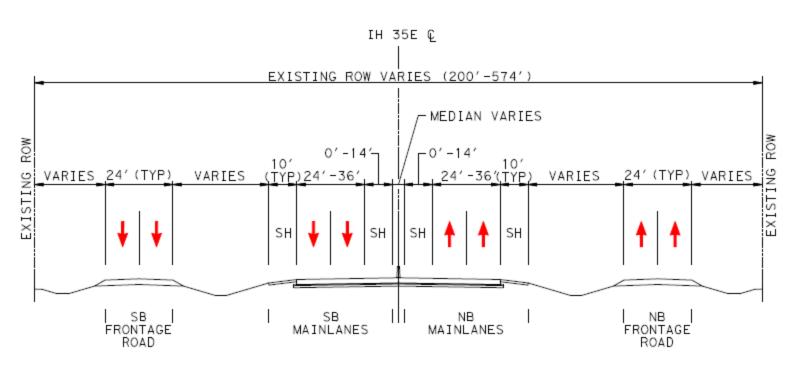
City of Corinth City Hall 3300 Corinth Parkway Corinth, Texas 76208

City of Denton City Hall 215 East McKinney Street Denton, Texas 76201

http://www.keepitmovingdallas.com/



Existing IH 35E



Existing Typical Section from south of Corinth Parkway to US 380



Proposed Project Overview

IH 35E North Section

- •Reconstructs and expands the mainlanes
- •Adds variable priced tolled HOV/Managed Lanes in the center median
- •Makes the frontage roads continuous throughout the project length
- Integrates bicycle and pedestrian improvements
- •Reconstructs the IH 35E/IH 35W interchange, the IH 35E/US 77 interchange, and other cross street intersections and ramps
- Constructs a pedestrian bridge at the UNT campus

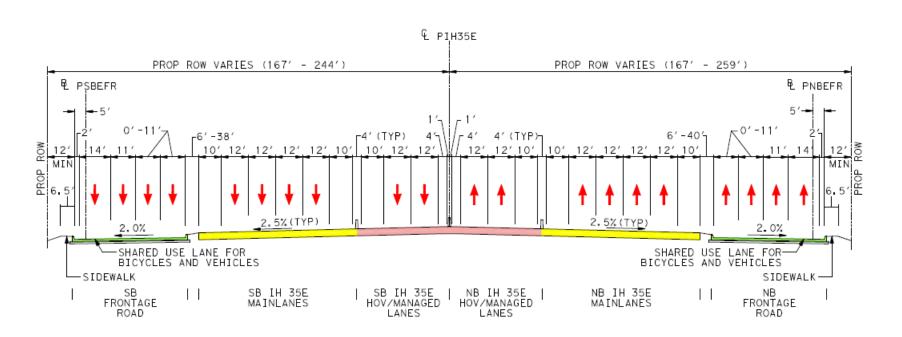


Proposed Project Description

IH 35E North Section

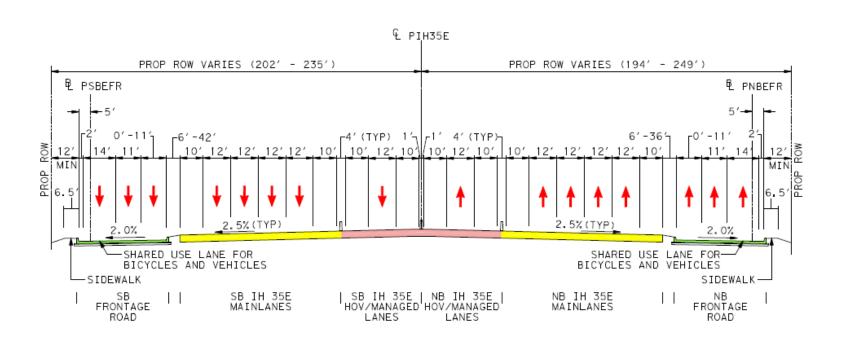
- Three to five mainlanes in each direction, each 12-ft wide, with maximum 10-ft wide shoulders (to the outside)
- One to two concurrent flow HOV/Managed Lanes in each direction, each 12-ft wide
- The northbound and southbound HOV/Managed lanes are separated by shoulders and concrete traffic barriers. The HOV/Managed lanes are separated from the mainlanes by shoulders and concrete traffic barriers
- Continuous frontage roads varying from two to four lanes in each direction; includes a 14-ft wide outside shared use bicycle/vehicle lane throughout the length of the project
- Continuous 6-ft pedestrian sidewalks along each side of the frontage roads for the entire length of the project





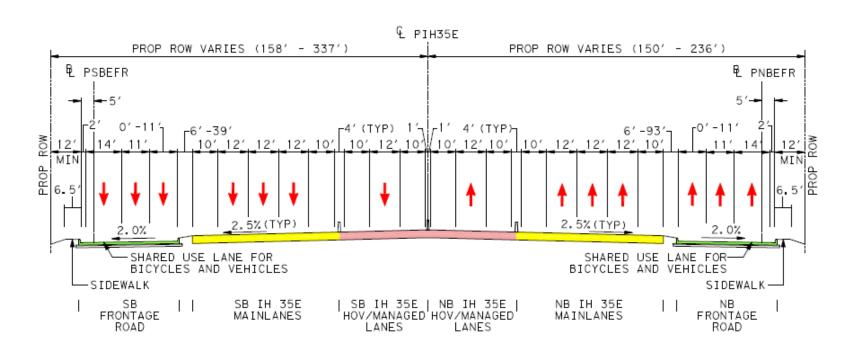
Proposed Typical Section from FM 2181 to US 77





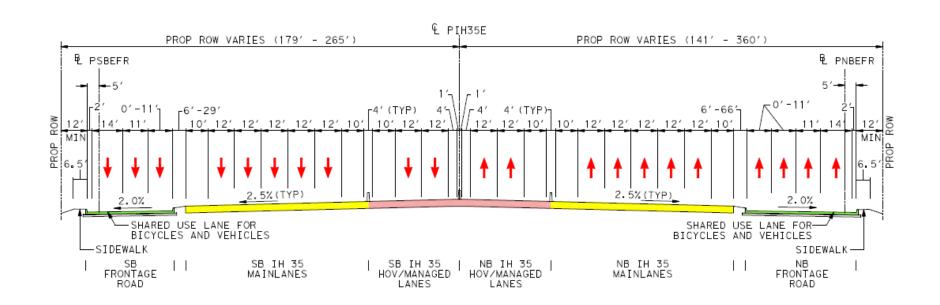
Proposed Typical Section from US 77 to US 377





Proposed Typical Section from US 377 to the IH 35E and IH 35W interchange





Proposed Typical Section from the IH 35E and IH 35W interchange to US 380



Other Issues

RIGHT-OF-WAY

- Existing right-of-way width varies from 200 to 574 feet.
- •The proposed ROW width varies from ~ 325 to 613 ft.
- •Requires approximately 107 acres of new ROW.
- •Displaces 17 residential properties and 40 commercial properties

UTILITIES

- Underground and Overhead Utilities
 - > Adjustments and relocations are required
 - No substantial interruptions anticipated



Estimated Cost

Total Project Cost: Approximately \$1.3 Billion



HOV/Managed Lanes Defined (Based on Current RTC Policy)

- •Managed Lanes are tolled lanes where traffic is kept moving at a more reliable speed (50 mph or greater) by adjusting the toll rate up or down (variable pricing) as the number of vehicles or congestion increases or decreases respectively
- Lanes are managed on the basis of time of day, vehicle type & occupancy, and pricing/tolls
- Discounts for HOVs during peak periods
- •A Level 2 Traffic and Toll Revenue Study was prepared for the IH 35E project to analyze proposed Managed Lanes

Summary of Current Regional Transportation Council Managed Lane Policy

•RTC Managed Lane Policy (Adopted May 11, 2006, Mod. September 13, 2007)

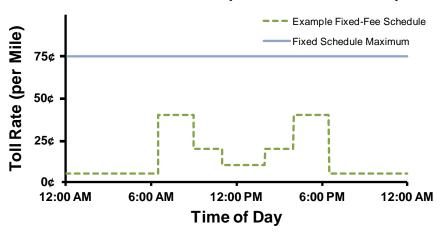
Texas Department

- •Toll rate established to maintain a minimum 50 mph average managed lane speed
- •Toll rate set up to \$0.75 per mile during fixed-schedule phase within first six months
- •Market-based tolls applied during the dynamic-pricing phase after the first six months of operations
- •Single-occupant vehicles pay full rate and trucks pay a higher rate
- •HOV2+ vehicles pay full rate in the off- peak period
- •HOV2+ vehicles receive 50% discount during Peak Period (phases out after Air Quality Attainment Maintenance Period)

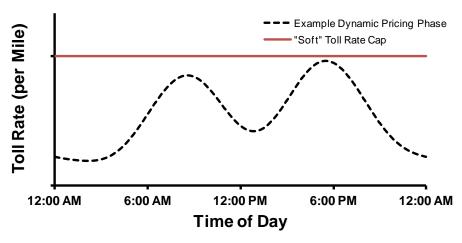


HOV/Managed Lanes

Variable Rate Tolls (First Six Months)



Variable Rate Tolls (After Six Months)





HOV/Managed Lanes

	Mainlanes	M HOV/Toll Lanes	Mainlanes
	Mixed Flow	HOV & SOV	Mixed Flow
Morning Peak 6:30 a.m. to 9:00 a.m. (approx. 40¢/mile)	Non-tolled	HOV - \$\$ SOV - \$\$\$	Non-tolled
Midday Off-Peak 9:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. (approx. 8¢/mile)	Non-tolled	HOV - \$\$ SOV - \$\$	Non-tolled
Evening Peak 3:00 p.m. to 6:30 p.m. (approx. 40¢/mile)	Non-tolled	HOV - \$\$ SOV - \$\$\$	Non-tolled
Late Night Off-Peak 12:00 a.m. to 5:00 a.m. (approx. 8¢/mile)	Non-tolled	HOV - \$ SOV - \$	Non-tolled

- •According to the Level 2 Traffic and Toll Revenue Study prepared for this project, the estimated average travel distance per household that would use the proposed tolled HOV/managed lanes on IH 35E from FM 2181 to US 380 would be 7 miles out of the total 11-mile section (14 miles for a round trip).
- •TxDOT estimates that HOV/Managed lane use would average 2.5 trips per week for the morning peak and evening peak scenarios, and would average 2 trips per week for the off-peak scenarios.



NEPA Process

Environmental Assessment

- Need and Purpose
- Proposed Design
- •Right-of-Way/Easements
- Project Cost and Funding
- Displacements and Relocations
- Waters of the US, including Wetlands
- Lakes, Rivers, and Streams
- Water Quality
- Floodplains
- Socio-Economic Impacts
- Community Cohesion and Environmental Justice
- Public Facilities and Services

- Parkland/Section 4(f) Properties
- •Threatened/Endangered Species and Wildlife Habitat
- Historic and Archeological Sites
- Aesthetic Considerations
- Topography and Soils
- •Prime, Unique and Special Farmland Impacts
- Land Use
- Air Quality Assessment
- Traffic Noise Assessment
- Hazardous Materials
- Airway-Highway Clearance
- Construction Impacts
- Indirect and Cumulative Impacts



EA Specifics

Natural Resources	Right-of-way (ROW)	Floodplains	Waters of the U.S. including wetlands	
	Approximately 107 acres of proposed ROW	Would not increase base flood elevation beyond regulated levels Facility would permit the conveyance of the 100-year flood	11 jurisdictional waters of the U.S., including wetlands (approx. 1.5 acres of streams and a pond; approx 0.19 acre of wetlands) located within the proposed right-of-way. Section 404 USACE NWP 14 required	
	Displacements		Noise	
Human Environment	40 commercial properties includes 44 separate commercial entities (Approx. 372 to 784 employee potentially impacted)	Employment Opportunities Impact Assessment study included in EA	5 Noise Walls determined to be feasible and reasonable at various locations Final decision to construct	
	17 single family residences and one apartment complex with 16 units	Comparable housing appears to be available for a majority of the potential residential displacements.	would be after project design completed, utility evaluation & approval of adjacent property owners.	

[•]Workforce Solutions for North Central Texas will offer various services to assist displaced employees.

[•]Relocation efforts would be consistent with the requirements of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Properties Acquisition Act of 1970 as amended, and the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1974.





Studies and evaluation of the proposed project indicate no significant environmental effects



Project Schedule

What Happens After the Public Hearing?

- Public Comment Period
- Environmental Clearance
- Plan Preparation
- Right-of-Way Acquisition
- Utility Clearance
- Construction



1. TxDOT obtains:

- Environmental clearance
- Local agency agreements
- Approved right-of-way map
- Funding
- Release from TxDOT Austin to begin the acquisition process



2. Agency orders:

- Property title information
- Five-year sales data
- Preliminary title commitment



3. Acquiring agency assigns independent appraisers:

- Appraisers contact owner
- Appraisers submit appraisals
- TxDOT reviews appraisals for approval



4. TxDOT's acquisition agent presents offer to property owner, including:

- Appraised value of property
- Compensable damages to remaining real property
- Relocation assistance



5. Property owner may then:

- a. Donate land
- b. Accept offer
- c. Submit counter offer, if appropriate
- d. Begin eminent domain proceedings, if agreement on value is not reached



5b. When owner accepts:

- Owner signs deed and Memorandum of Agreement
- TxDOT issues warrant to owner and title company
- Owner closes at title company and is compensated for new right-of-way



5c. Owner counter offers:

- Owner may submit counter offer if owner believes it does not represent fair market value
- TxDOT reviews counter offer and either accepts or rejects it
- If rejected, owner may accept original offer or proceed to eminent domain



5d. Eminent Domain:

- Court appoints 3 commissioners to hear owner and TxDOT
- Commissioners decide award
- TxDOT deposits award in registry of court and takes possession
- Either owner or TxDOT shall have the right to appeal to jury trial



6. Relocation Assistance

- Administered by the State
- Available to those who qualify as a result of the acquisition of rightof-way



6a. Relocation Assistance (cont.)

 The benefits are applicable to all individuals, families, businesses, farmers, ranchers and non-profit organizations without regard to race, color, religion, sex, or national origin



6b. Relocation Assistance (cont.)

 If the owner will need to move, do not do so until negotiations have begun unless you first secure a written notice of "Intent to Acquire" from the acquiring agency



6c. Relocation Assistance (cont.)

 Appeal procedures are available for displacees who do not agree with any amounts offered for relocation reimbursement (see page 39 of the "Relocation Assistance" booklet)



6d. Relocation Assistance (cont.)

 See pages 31 and 32 in the "Relocation Assistance" booklet for regulations governing the relocation of advertising signs which are not purchased by the acquiring agency as real property



• 20 minute recess

Comment period following recess



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http://www.keepitmovingdallas.com/



Comment Period

Please note that we will not attempt to respond to your comments at this time



Mailing Address

- TxDOT Dallas District
 Attn: Robert Hall, P.W.S, CFM
 P.O.Box 133067
 Dallas, TX 75313-3067
- Written Comments must be post-marked by Monday, October 31, 2011
- •http://www.keepitmovingdallas.com/



Speaker's Time Remaining:



Please limit your comment to 3 minutes and state your name and address



Thank you for your interest in the IH 35E Improvement Project

Texas Department of Transportation