



This slide show will repeat throughout tonight's Public Meeting.





WELCOME TO THE LOOP 9 CORRIDOR/FEASIBILITY STUDY PUBLIC MEETINGS

Thursday, May 16, 2013
Ferris High School
1025 E. 8th Street
Ferris, TX 75125

Thursday, May 23, 2013
Ovilla Road Baptist Church
3251 Ovilla Road
Ovilla, TX 75154





This slide show will tell you about:

- The Evolution of the Loop 9 Project
- Why the Change?
- The Needs Within the Study Area
- The New Approach A Corridor/ Feasibility Study
- Ongoing Coordination Activities
- What's Next?
- How to Comment on the Proposed Project





EVOLUTION OF THE LOOP 9 PROJECT





EVOLUTION OF THE LOOP 9 PROJECT

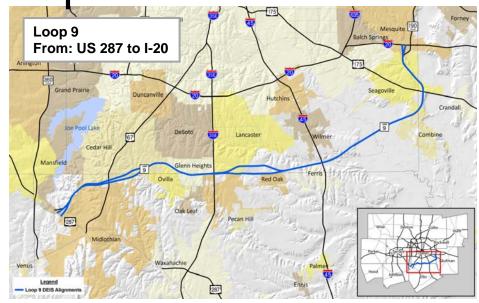
- First conceived in 1957, the project has been studied by local, regional and state agencies at various times.
- In 2007, TxDOT began environmental studies for the Loop 9 project from US 287 near Mansfield to I-20 in Mesquite.
- Loop 9 put on hold in January 2012
- The Notice of Intent to prepare an environmental study was rescinded in March 2013.

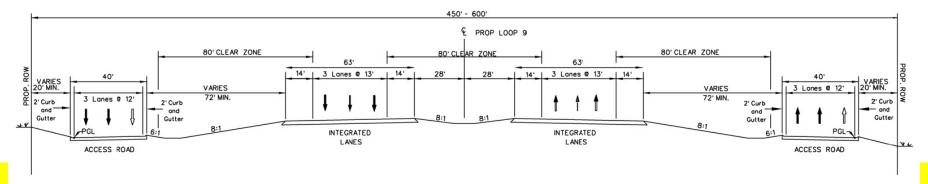




Original Scope of Loop 9

- 44 miles long
- Proposed 450 to 600foot right-of-way
- 85 mph design speed
- Cost: \$5.7 billion









WHY THE CHANGE?





WHY THE CHANGE?

Based on several factors

- Removal of the Trans-Texas Corridor from statewide plans
- Removal of the Regional Outer Loop from regional transportation plans





Review of 2035 Traffic Projections

Based on the North Central Texas Council of Governments (NCTCOG) transportation plan, estimated traffic volumes were less than half of the previously projected volumes based on *Mobility* 2030

Reasons for low projected traffic on Loop 9 included:

- Toll
- Lack of Regional Outer Loop to the west
- Lack of connection to statewide Trans-Texas Corridor 35
- Revised regional demographics





THE NEEDS WITHIN THE STUDY AREA





THE NEEDS WITHIN THE STUDY AREA

There still is a need for an east-west facility within the Study Area to provide:

- Connectivity
- Travel time savings
- Support potential economic development opportunities

To meet these needs, a **NEW APPROACH** was developed for Loop 9.





THE NEW APPROACH – A CORRIDOR/FEASIBILITY STUDY





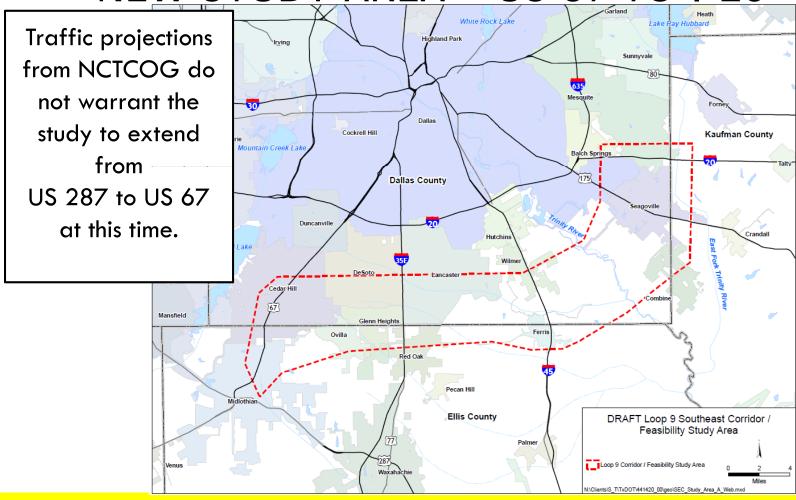
THE NEW APPROACH – CORRIDOR/FEASIBILITY STUDY

- Initiated new approach in September 2012
- Refine previous alternatives with more flexible engineering design
- Reduce right-of-way width needs
- Reduce cost
- Minimize overall environmental impacts when compared to past studies
- Reduce project length: From US 67 to I-20





NEW STUDY AREA – US 67 TO I-20



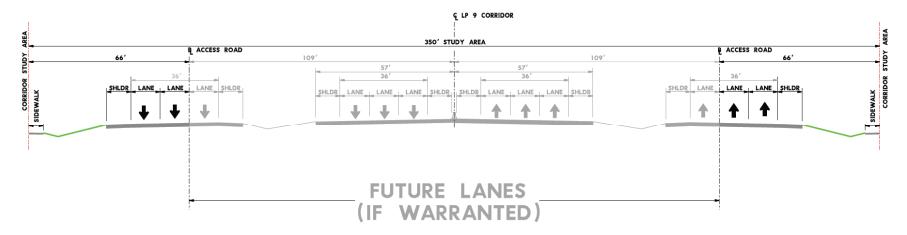




THE NEW APPROACH – CORRIDOR/FEASIBILITY STUDY

Elements to include:

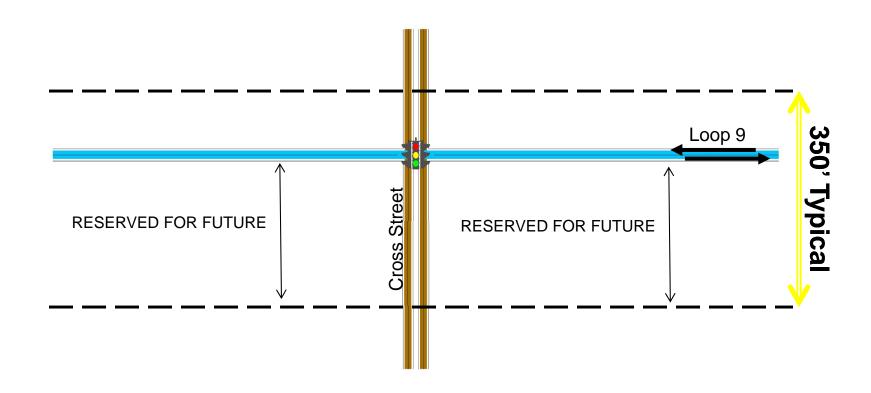
- Reduced right-of-way (350 feet vs. 600 feet)
- Lower design speed (70 mph vs. 85 mph)
- Phased project development and construction
- Flexibility to convert to a full, controlled access facility, if needed







Potential Phased Construction Option: Two-Way Access Road





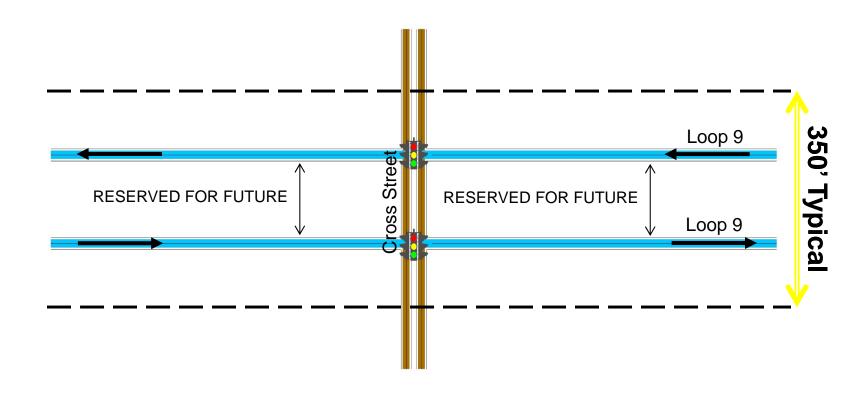


Potential Phased Construction Option: Two-Way Access Road 350' Typical **RESERVED** - FOR **FUTURE**





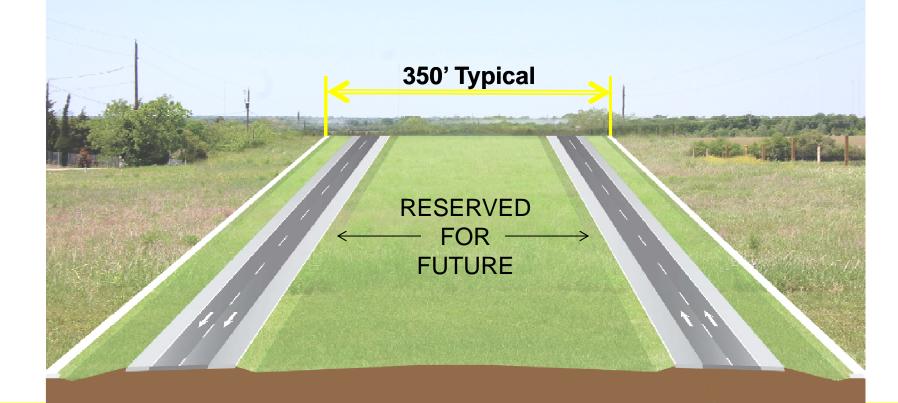
Potential Phased Construction Option: One-Way Access Roads







Potential Phased Construction Option: One-Way Access Roads

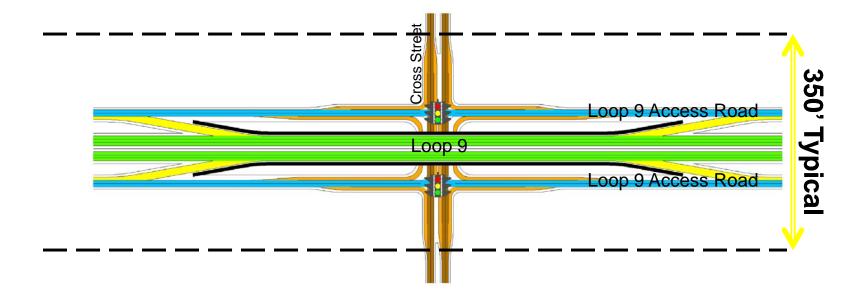






Potential Phased Construction Option: Continuous Toll Road

(FUTURE LANES - IF WARRANTED - full, controlled access facility)







Potential Phased Construction Option: Continuous Toll Road

(FUTURE LANES – IF WARRANTED - full, controlled access facility)







The Corridor/Feasibility Study Process

FOLLOW
PLANNING AND
ENVIRONMENTAL
LINKAGES
METHODOLOGY

- Solicit Input from Community Leaders, Resource Agencies, and Major Stakeholders
- Public Involvement
- Utilize previous work efforts



- Conduct preliminary engineering/ environmental studies
- Identify a corridor where projects could be developed





The Corridor/Feasibility Study Process



- Minimize impacts to the environment
- Identify Preferred Corridor

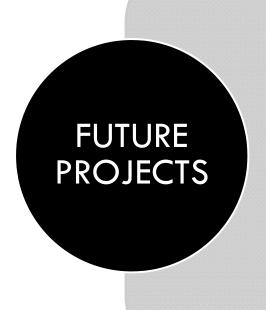


Recommend
individual projects
to advance within
the Preferred
Corridor over the
next several
years as funding
becomes
available





The Corridor/Feasibility Study Process



- Prioritize projects based on traffic, local needs, and funding
- Initiate projectspecific engineering and environmental studies
- Further refine the proposed right-ofway during individual projects





ONGOING COORDINATION ACTIVITIES





ONGOING COORDINATION ACTIVITIES

Numerous meetings have been held to date:

- Local Officials
- Cities and Counties
- Federal and State Resource Agencies
- Major Stakeholders

The meetings provided information about the new approach for the project and discussed ways to make the Loop 9 project more responsive to local transportation needs.







WHAT'S NEXT?





WHAT'S NEXT?

- Review and evaluate public comments
- Continue on-going coordination and public involvement activities
- Second round of Public Meetings in Fall 2013 present Corridor/Feasibility Study Results
- Finalize Corridor/Feasibility Study
- Recommend a Program of Projects for advancement when transportation demand and funding becomes available
- Initiate project-specific preliminary engineering and environmental studies





HOW TO COMMENT ON THE PROPOSED PROJECT

Public Meeting Comment Form Loop 9 Southeast Corridor/Feasibility Study





The Texas Department of Transportation is seeking your comments on the proposed project. All verbal and written comments are welcome. Maps are available tonight to provide specific comments and illustrations about the proposed corridor. All written comments must be postmarked by Monday, June 3, 2013.

(Per Texas Transportation Code, §201.811 that apply to you:	(a)(5)): check each of the following b	ooxes
☐ I am employed by TxDOT		
☐ I do business with TxDOT		
☐ I could benefit monetarily from the project commenting	ct or other item about which I am	
N AME:		
Сіту:	STATE:ZIP:	





HOW TO COMMENT ON THE PROPOSED PROJECT

Tonight: Drop forms in the comment boxes provided







HOW TO COMMENT ON THE PROPOSED PROJECT

By Mail:

Loop 9

Attn: Bruce Nolley, P.E.

Texas Department of Transportation

Dallas District Office

4777 East Highway 80

Mesquite, Texas 75150

By E-mail: comments@loop9.org

All comments must be hand-delivered or postmarked on or before **Monday**, **June 3**, **2013**.





Por favor escribir al

correo electrónico

Information from tonight's public meeting will be available on the project website: www.loop9.org

Welcome to the Official Loop 9 Transportation Study Website



CORRIDOR/FEASIBILITY STUDY

PROJECT HISTORY

PROJECT INFORMATION

PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT

CONTACT INFORMATION

OTHER RESOURCES



Mesquite, Texas 75150-6643

(214) 320-6100

This site contains current information as confirmed on May 7, 2013.

Changes to the Loop 9 Southeast project are underway

comments@loop9.org, While Loop 9 has been identified in transportation planning efforts for a number of o llamar al teléfono years, changes in demographics; traffic growth and forecast; and potential to connect 214-320-6100 para to other major facilities has driven the need to re-evaluate the overall concept of the obtener información facility. Between 2006 and 2011, TxDOT developed schematic plans and evaluated en Espanol. potential natural, cultural, and socio-economic impacts for the Loop 9 Southeast project. The proposed project was evaluated as a 6-lane new location controlled access tollway with intermittent access roads between US 287 and I-20 within a 450- to 600-foot corridor depending on interchange location.

While the Loop 9 Southeast study was under review, TxDOT released a new vision for their corridor development process which resulted in the elimination of the Trans-Texas Corridor (TTC) concept. North Central Texas Council of Governments (NCTCOG) prepared the Regional Outer Loop Corridor Feasibility Study which did not recommend a continuous, circumferential outer loop because of expected low traffic volumes and a lack of statewide connections. The changes in TxDOT policy, funding constraints for transportation projects, and the current economic climate impacted the funding and advancement of transportation projects in the region which resulted in the suspension of the Loop 9 Southeast study until a determination on how the project should proceed was resolved (see Project History).

However if you live or drive in southern Dallas County or northern Ellis County, you know that traveling through the area can still be a challenge. I-20, the closest east-west freeway, lies miles to the north. Arterial streets like Bear Creek Road and Belt Line Road are growing more congested as the area adds residential, commercial, and industrial development. More people living, shopping and working in the area means more vehicles on the roads. Heavy truck traffic from the Inland Port inter-modal freight facility near I-45 coupled with ongoing international freight movement may put even more pressure on the local transportation system. To address these transportation concerns, a new direction has been identified for the Loop 9 Southeast project. TxDOT and NCTCOG in cooperation with local government officials are working together to conduct a Corridor/Feasibility Study for the Loop 9 Southeast study area from US 67 to I-20 (more information about the Corridor/Feasibility Study).